



Waddesdon CE School Sixth Form 'Passport to your Post 16 World'

June 2024

Dear Year 11 student,

Congratulations on completing your GCSE exams!

This booklet is designed to enable you to make the step into Waddesdon Sixth Form with confidence, along with the skills you need for post 16 study, to help you to flourish.

The activities in this booklet are designed to **engage and challenge you**. Look out for the light-bulb symbol for activities to really stretch your learning.



You need to complete the subject foundation work in at least four subjects. This includes the three subjects you have applied to study and at least one back-up subject, in case you do not meet a subject's entry requirements. Completing this work will not only enable you to build strong foundations to make the best start to your A levels, but it will also help confirm that the subjects are ones you are interested in and will enjoy in Sixth Form.

Please note that completion of the work in this booklet does not guarantee you a place in our Sixth Form or on a subject – you need to meet the entry requirements as explained in the Prospectus. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to get in contact with us via 6formadmissions@waddesdonschool.com

We highly recommend the careers and super-curricular activities included as well as the EPQ online course on pages 37-42.

Best wishes and we look forward to welcoming many of you to Sixth Form.

Ms McIver Miss Popat Mrs Hay

Head of Sixth Form Head of Year 12 Student Support Officer

'Passport to your Post 16 World' BOOKLET CONTENTS



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Waddesdon Sixth Form Subject Foundation Work



Making the move from GCSE to Post 16 learning is a challenge! Completing subject

found	ation work ahead of September will mean:
	you have a strong foundation to make the best possible start to your studies in September
	you have an insight into what studying each subject will be like to check you are interested in it and will enjoy it
For ea	ch of your subjects, you will complete work which will enable you to:
	Gain an overview of the course so you see the big picture
	Get to know the basics
	Begin to understand some of the key issues/skills
	Start to analyse and evaluate some of the content
	Begin to think more deeply and critically
All stu	dents intending to come to Waddesdon Sixth Form must complete the
	ation work in the subjects you have applied to study in Sixth Form. This s completing work in 3 (or 4) subjects - not all!
You m	nust also complete work in at least one back-up subject, with lower GCSE

grade entry requirements, in case you do not get the necessary grades in the summer.

Please note completion of foundation work does not guarantee you a place in Waddesdon Sixth Form or on each of your subjects. First and foremost, you must meet the GCSE subject entry requirements found on page 13 of the Sixth Form Prospectus: https://www.waddesdonschool.com/sixth-form/joining-our-sixth-form/. You can also see the Option Blocks on the school website there too.

You must bring your one page 'learning summaries' to Enrolment and then to your first Sixth Form lesson in that subject.

There are also 'super-challenges' for you to complete in each subject if you want to really challenge yourself.



Waddesdon Sixth Form

Subject Foundation Work Page Numbers



Applied Science	6
Art and Design	7-8
Biology	9
Business	10
Chemistry	11
Drama and Theatre Studies	12
Economics	13
English Literature	14
Food Science and Nutrition	15
Geography	16-17
Graphics	18-19
History	20-21
Information Technology	22
Mathematics	23
Media Studies	24
Music BTEC	25
Music Technology	26
Photography	27-28
Physical Education	29-30
Physics	31
Product Design	32
Psychology	33
Religious Studies	34
Sociology	35

APPLIED GENERAL SCIENCE See the Unit 2 is a coursework unit. For this, you are going to need to be familiar with scientific terminology. overview Use the first chapter of your GCSE revision guide "working scientifically" to make key notes. Keep this safe, as it will help with your coursework next year. Have a look at the link below. You need to be familiar with the process of writing references: https://youtu.be/RnVXD1cFPV0 Within Unit 1 of the course, you will be learning new science concepts. It is important to consolidate your Know the current knowledge before doing this. Make a mind-map or revision cards of your GCSE knowledge of basics each of these topics: **Biology:** Cells Transport in and out of cells The heart Homeostasis Respiration **Photosynthesis** Chemistry: The atom The periodic table Mole calculations (sometimes called quantitative chemistry) Bonding Energy **Physics: Energy & efficiency** Circuits & electricity Forces, Newton's Laws & Momentum For Unit 3, you need to be familiar with jobs that scientists do in the world. On page 67 of the **Understand** specification (https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/science/specifications/AQA-1775-SP-2016.PDF) is a the issues list of "Roles and Responsibilities" that people have in science industries; pick two of the jobs from the list. Research into each job and create a two-page fact file including the following: i. What does that person do on a day-to-day basis? ii. What specific skills does that individual need in order to carry out their job? iii. How does society benefit from their job? iv. Are there any ethical decisions to be discussed about their job? Learning From all of the tasks above, write yourself a one-page summary of: -What you are most looking forward to about Applied Science **Summary** -What the biggest challenge is likely to be for you in Applied Science -How you will aim to overcome this challenge and address it. Bring this one-page summary/outcome to your first lesson! Just for fun! BILL BRYSON https://www.nature.com/nature planet earth /articles?type=nature-podcast Your super challenge is to find out more about Covid-19. **Optional** Either: Super a) Watch this lesson by Professor Chris Whitty and write a synopsis of it: Challenge https://youtu.be/3BdPKpWbxTg b) Write a report about how scientists have been involved in the Covid responses. What roles have there been for scientists, how has this been reported and what bias have you seen in the media?

SUMMER ASSIGNMENT

ART A LEVEL



Artists connect with and inspire people globally. Art transcends our ordinary lives and lets us imagine what is possible. It is the lens through which we experience the world and is the medium to present the human condition...

Through studying Art at A Level at Waddesdon you will develop an understanding of the aesthetics and formal elements of Art. Learn advanced level recording skills in a wide range of media including: drawing, painting, mixed-media, sculpture, illustration, textiles, digital media, photography & printmaking. During the course you will be encouraged to pursue your own artistic interests, to develop your voice as an artist and your own unique style of creativity. The course offers a range of critical thinking, problem solving and social skills. Art is a subject people study because they have a passion and curiosity, for many this leads to work or further study in the a range of different creative fields, for others, studying Art at A Level provides a transferable skill-set they can take into life and work.







Choose a theme to explore (see reverse)

- Research 2 artists connected to the theme to inspire your making, the suggested artists are 'starting points', you may find your own to suit the theme. It is important to make virtual gallery visits, visit artists websites, explore the web & Pinterest etc...
- Plan a response (in any art media of your choosing)one exhibition quality piece(sketches, media tests, composition ideas) based on the research you have completed
- Present you exhibition piece along with your research and planning

Be curious challenge yourself to try new things!

You will share your work in our first lesson in September, make sure you bring it in with you.

PRESENT RESEARCH AND PLANNING IN EITHER:

2 double pages in a sketchbook or A1 board

PRESENT EXHIBITION PIECE SEPARATELY

 Canvas, watercolor paper, digital print, collage, series of photographs, sculpting medium (clay, wire etc..)

We're looking forward to seeing how your explore your chosen theme and working with you in September. Art washes away from the soul the dust of everyday life.

■ SENSE OF PLACE









Edward Hopper

Clare Caulfield

John Piper

Anna Dillon

THE LOOK













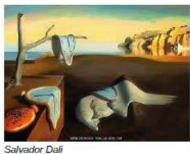
Sophie Kahn

Sasha Ignatiadou

Henrietta Harris

Sung Jun Kim

ALTERED WORLDS









OBJECTS OF DESIRE







Grayson Perry



Calum Colvin



Giorgio Morandi

A LEVEL BIOLOGY Head Start to A-level Biology This book will provide you with key concepts See the Product code: BBR71 ISBN: 9781782942786 and activities to practice. It is specifically Head Start to overview A-Level Biology designed to bridge the gap to A level. Once you are confident on the activities in the Head Start guide, you should download AQA's transition **Know the** guide. It talks you through the A level and what to expect, guides you towards places to look for help and basics lays out the key facts for you. There are activities to complete within the transition guide that will help check your understanding. Please refer to the following link for the guide: https://www.waddesdonschool.com/post-16-passport/ In addition to the A level in Biology, by successfully completing the course, you will hopefully be awarded **Understand** a Practical Endorsement. To help prepare yourself for this, please see this guide: the issues https://filestore.aga.org.uk/resources/biology/AQA-7401-7402-PHBK.PDF There is no need to work through or even read all of the guide. However, it is key that you look at the information on Tabulating Data on page 37, and the Key Terms on pages 63-65 and write yourself a summary for these. Learning From all of the tasks above, write yourself a one-page summary of: -What you are most looking forward to about A level Biology **Summary** -What the biggest challenge is likely to be for you in A level Biology -How you will aim to overcome this challenge and address it. Bring this one-page summary/outcome to your first lesson! https://www.nat ure.com/nature/ articles?type=nat Just for fun! ure-podcast



Optional Super Challenge

Take a look at this webpage about how Biology has changed the world:

https://biologyheritage.rsb.org.uk/bcw



Either:

- a) Write a summary of the way in which at least 3 Biologists have changed the world
- b) Write a summary of the way in which you are going to change the world once you are a Biologist

A LEVEL I	BUSINESS		
See the overview	At Waddesdon, we use the Edexcel exam board for A level Business. A copy of the specification covering everything you will learn over the two years is available here: https://qualifications.pearson.com/en/qualifications/edexcel-a-levels/business-2015.coursematerials.html#filterQuery=category:Pearson-UK:Category%2FSpecification-and-sample-assessments		
Know the basics	Find out the basics of the subject by creating a glossary of key terms and equations essential for A level Business: Use www.tutor2u.net or the business page of GCSE Bitesize to bring you up to speed on the main calculations used: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zd2fpg8/revision/1 Essential terms to learn include: revenue, turnover, profit, variable costs, fixed costs, profit margins, cash flow and liquidity.		
Understand the skills ON TO THE SKILL ON TH	Business is a subject that requires both written and numerical skills which are applied to case studies of businesses. A series of videos covering the necessary calculations is available here: https://www.tutor2u.net/business/collections/business-maths		
Analyse and evaluate	In any situation, there are always winners and losers and this crisis is no different, although there are many more losers! Construct a table with two columns and in the first, place businesses that are losing out as a result of the crisis; in the second, place businesses that are doing well. Once you have around 15-20 firms, consider how some of those businesses that are losing out could adapt what they do so that they could improve their sales and profit.		
Learning Summary	Consider your table above, read articles from sources such as the business section of the BBC News website and the Financial Times website (see below). Write three paragraphs on how you think business will change over the next year in the UK. You could include businesses and industries that will fail, those that will prosper, and an explanation of how you think business practices may change e.g. travel, use of technology, high street stores, etc. This should be a maximum of one page of A4 and be brought to your first lesson!		
Further reading	As a school, we are registered to be able to receive free access to the website of the Financial Times. Just use your Waddesdon School email address to register here: https://enterprise.ft.com/en-gb/secondary-education/ Find out: In what year did Spotify first make a profit?		
Optional Super Challenge	Find out: In what year did Spotify first make a profit? What does the company Alphabet do? What are the main industries in the UK? Who is the biggest employer in the UK? Why did Uber go to court in the UK in 2018? Who is the highest paid person in the UK? What are the 20 most profitable companies in the world? What are the 20 companies with the highest revenue in the world? What do you notice about the two lists above? Write up a summary of your findings and conclusions.		

A LEVEL CHEMISTRY See the Head Start to A-level Chemistry overview This book will provide you with key Head Start to concepts and activities to practice. It is ***** 🗵 A-Level Chemistry specifically designed to bridge the gap to A level. **Know the** Once you are confident on the activities in the Head Start guide, you should download AQA's transition basics guide. It talks you through the A level and what to expect, guides you towards places to look for help and lays out the key facts for you. There are activities to complete within the transition guide that will help check your understanding: Please refer to the following link for the guide: https://www.waddesdonschool.com/post-16-passport/ **Understand** In addition to the A level in Chemistry, by successfully completing the course, you will hopefully be the awarded a Practical Endorsement. To help prepare yourself for this please see this guide: issues/skills https://filestore.aga.org.uk/resources/chemistry/AQA-7404-7405-PHBK.PDF There is no need to work through or even read all of the guide. However, it is key that you look at the information on Tabulating Data on page 37, and the Key Terms on pages 55-59 and write yourself a summary for these. Learning From all of the tasks above, write yourself a one-page summary of: Summary/ **Outcome** -What you are most looking forward to about A Level Chemistry -What the biggest challenge is likely to be for you in A level Chemistry -How you will aim to overcome this challenge and address it. Bring this one-page summary/outcome to your first lesson! Just for fun! Chemistry: A volatile history (available on BBC iplayer and https://chemforyou CHEMISTRY you tube) rlife.transistor.fm/ **Optional**

Super Challenge

Watch the 2022 Christmas lectures on forensic science and

read https://www.stem.org.uk/system/files/elibrary-resources/legacy_files_migrated/8691-catalyst_16_1_391 pdf





Produce a summary of what forensic science is, and how chemistry is vital to this industry and what advance you think will come next.

A LEVEL DRAMA AND THEATRE - Creative Response and Portfolio

See the overview

Just as at GCSE, one of your units of work at A level is a devising project.



Watch this piece of A Level devising work from YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=64C16TSedqM&t=2006s

As you watch, consider how the students' <u>research</u> into The Hillsborough Disaster has <u>informed the</u> <u>creation</u> of the performance.

Responding to a stimulus





Taking this image as your starting point, consider any and all associations you make. This could be ANYTHING: something very personal about your experiences; something more political or religious. You should also look for the less obvious clues in the images. Pull it apart and make a huge web of connections from the image.

Understand the issues/ research

From your wealth of responses to the image, decide on one idea; again this can be anything. You should have a clear idea or message you want to communicate.



You now need to conduct some research – this might be simple fact finding, or it may be doing a survey or questionnaire of your friends and family to find out more about their experiences etc. Keep a record of this research.

From this research come up with a creative outcome. You might write a script, film a monologue, design a set or costume, make a soundtrack, write your director's vision for a scene etc

Analyse and evaluate

Access and explore the shared document – it is an example of some of the A level portfolio pages: Click here...



The portfolio is a piece of work which documents your creative process.

Learning Summary

Use the example structure to write your own 2 pages of portfolio evidence of the work you have produced from responding to your stimulus above to your creative outcome. (first 2 pages of the document)



Bring this work to your first lesson!

Just for fun!



Read any plays you can get hold of – they will develop your understanding of theatre.



National Theatre Online: You can watch plays online by following this link (https://www.dramaonlinelibrary.com/login?recentUrl=/national-theatre-collection) and using these log in details.



BBC Sounds app. Radio 4 has a lot of radio dramas you can listen to.

Optional Super Challenge

Find, edit, rehearse and film a monologue



Another part of the A level course requires you to perform a monologue. Take this time to find a monologue that you like. You can find these online, including examples on YouTube, or you could purchase a book of audition speeches/monologues.

Username: Waddesdon Password: M@cbeth1

Once you have a monologue, you will need to edit it to be 2-3 minutes long. Rehearse the monologue, developing staging and character. Finally, film yourself performing it.

A LEVEL ECONOMICS See the Find out the basics of the subject by visiting tutor2u's transition to A level Economics page here. You will find activities, videos and lectures that are all relevant to the main areas of Microeconomics and overview Macroeconomics: https://www.tutor2u.net/economics/collections/head-start-for-alevel-economics-transitionresource-year-11-students **Know the** There are many conflicting ideas in Economics but many can be traced back to some of the earliest economist such as Smith, Marx, Keynes and Hayek. There was an excellent series on the latter three of basics these on the BBC and which can now be found on YouTube if you search for 'Masters of Money'. Write up a paragraph summary of your learning on each economist. **Understand** 25% of A level Economics exam marks are for questions involving numeric skills such as drawing diagrams and performing calculations. The maths skills that you are expected to know (and should the skills practise) can be found on tutor2u's Maths made easy for A level Economists page: https://www.tutor2u.net/economics/collections/maths-made-easy-for-a-level-economics **Analyse and** Consider the current situation in a few different countries. Although the economic impacts of the crisis will last for years to come, some striking differences are noticeable in different countries. In the US, evaluate unemployment has risen rapidly for example. Read a few articles on the subject and consider what features of the US economy have made it so successful in in the past 100 years but so fragile now. A useful start can be found here: https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/business-52591262 On a maximum of one side of A4, write up a summary of what different economic thinkers would have Learning suggested should be done in the current crisis. Then write your own final judgement of what you think Summary the response of government should be to combat the economic effects of the crisis. Bring this one-page summary to your first lesson! **Further** As a school we are registered to be able to receive free access to the website of the Financial Times. Just use your Waddesdon School e-mail address to register reading and research https://enterprise.ft.com/engb/secondary-education/ If you wanted to learn some of the digrams associated with A level Economics, search tutor2u or for PAJ Holden on YouTube. **Optional** Find out: What are vertical farms and why do they exist? **Challenges** What is the Value Paradox? What is peak stuff? What is the Easterlin paradox? What is fully automated luxury communism? Should we be given a universal basic income? Compare the great depression, the financial crisis of 2008-9 and the current crisis. What are the similarities in challenges for the economy and how governments are responding? Write up a summary of your findings and conclusions.

You can also find activities to challenge your thinking here:

https://myheplus.com/subject/economics

A LEVEL ENGLISH LITERATURE – SHAKESPEARE AND POETRY

See the overview



Log in to e-magazine: https://www.englishandmedia.co.uk/e-magazine/ and read 'A rough guide to Shakespeare' by Andrew Dickson in the 'e-magazine Archive' area. *Username*: Samuel *Password*: Beckett Read the following three articles:

- L. Andrew Dickson 'Shakespeare's Life': https://www.britishlibrary.cn/en/articles/shakespeares-life/
- 2. Eric Rasmussen and Ian DeJong 'Shakespeare's London': https://www.britishlibrary.cn/en/articles/shakespeares-london/
- 3. Building Shakespeare's Globe: https://www.shakespearesglobe.com/discover/blogs-and-features/2017/06/12/building-shakespeares-globe/

Make a booklet summarising what you have learnt about Shakespeare's life and times.

Know the basics





Read 'An Introduction to Shakespearean Tragedy' by Kiernan Ryan: https://www.scribd.com/document/539740322/The-First-Draft

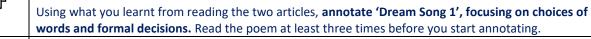
On one side of A4 summarise the key terms, conventions and history of literary Tragedy.

Understand the issues/skills

In the 'e-magazine Archive', read 'Writing About Poetry' by Barbara Bleiman.

Read 'How to read poetry like a Professor' by Thomas Foster:

https://www.theguardian.com/books/2018/apr/20/how-to-read-poetry-like-a-professor-thomas-foster Read 'Dream Song 1' by John Berryman: https://poets.org/poem/dream-song-1 You can also listen to Berryman himself reading it: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MM8Tw2kFU5I



Analyse and evaluate





Now read W.H. Auden's poem about the painting: https://www.poetrybyheart.org.uk/poems/musee-des-beaux-arts/

Annotate 'Musée des Beaux Arts', focusing on choices of words and formal decisions. Read the poem at least three times before you start annotating.

Learning Summary/ Outcome

On maximum one side of A4, write a response to: What do you find interesting about 'Musée des Beaux Arts'? [Assume that it IS interesting!]

You should include:

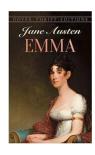


- An introduction that gives your overall opinion of what is interesting about the poem.
- Three paragraphs exploring specific moments you found interesting for example, the way in which the third and fourth lines are the only ones that don't rhyme, perhaps indicating how bad things happen in an unpoetic way in normal life, without chiming with anything.
- A conclusion explaining how easy or difficult you found writing about this poem.

Bring this one-page outcome to your first lesson!

Just for fun!













Optional Super Challenge

Read a book from this list, then write a review of it: https://www.englishandmedia.co.uk/blog/summer-reads-2019 You could use this website for inspiration: https://www.univ.ox.ac.uk/applying-to-univ/reading-bank/?category=humanities&subcategory=english



Explore the poetry archive: https://poetryarchive.org/ and write an evaluation of a poem you find there, exploring what is interesting about it.

LEVEL 3 FOOD SCIENCE AND NUTRITON Meeting Nutritional Needs of Specific Groups See the overview WJEC Level 3 Unit 1 internal (50%) is a coursework unit (LO1, LO2, LO3, LO4) Certificate in Unit 1 external (50%) is an **exam** (LO1, LO2, LO3, LO4, LO5, LO6) Food Science and Nutrition The units are based on the following Learning Outcomes (LOs) **LO1** understand the importance of food safety LO2 understand properties of nutrients LO3 understand the relationship between nutrients and the human body LO5 be able to plan production of complex dishes LO4 be able to plan nutritional requirements LO6 be able to cook complex dishes This book will provide you with all the information Food Preparation and Nutrition you will need to support you through this course. However, the illuminate online GCSE Food Preparation and Nutrition book will be a great place to start and can be accessed online via this link https://www.illuminate.digital/aqafood/ Login: SWADD3 Password: STUDENT3 Within Unit 1 of the course, you will be required to use your knowledge and understanding of LO1, **Know the basics** LO2, LO3 and LO4 to research, plan, prepare, safely cook and justify a range of dishes which meet the needs of individuals. To do this, you will need to understand: Your responsibilities for Food Safety when buying, preparing and cooking food (LO1). How different nutrients can support health of different individuals (LO2, LO3). How to cook a meal which incorporates skill, Food Safety and nutrition (LO4, LO5, LO6). **Understand the** To help you get started, I would like you to try to solve your own case study: This is Abdul. He is a 49-year-old male. He also has dietary and religious beliefs which will influence issues/skills his diet. In order to complete this task, I would like you to Abdul Name carry out some research and then complete the following 49 Age tasks. Weight 62kg Analyse Abdul's profile to assess his current dietary Height 1.7m needs. A full description of his nutritional needs, including all Religion Islam macro nutrients and micro nutrients essential to good Illness Diabetic (type 2) health. Explain how Abdul's diet will be affected by his religious beliefs. Explain how Abdul's diet will be affected by his diabetes. Plan a day's eating which takes into account his dietary needs related to his religion. **Prepare** the main meal you have planned and take photographs of what you prepare. Websites to help you: https://www.nutrition.org.uk/life-stages https://www.nutrition.org.uk/health-conditions/type-2-diabetes/ https://www.nutrition.org.uk/creating-a-healthy-diet/a-healthy-balanced-diet/ **Learning Outcome** From all of the tasks above, write a report which includes the nutritional research. You can include tables and photographs. It should be at least 2 pages. Plan a day's eating for Abdul which includes breakfast, lunch and dinner, and snacks if you think these are necessary. Cook the main meal from your plan, present it well and include a photograph. Bring this report to your first lesson! Just for fun! https://www.greatbritishchefs.com/ **Optional Super** Your super challenge is to create one of the more complex dishes on the Great British Chefs websites: https://www.greatbritishchefs.com/. Challenge Be sure to take photographs of your creations!

A LEVEL GEOGRAPHY: Tectonic Processes and Hazards See the Tectonic hazards – earthquakes, volcanic eruptions and secondary hazards such as tsunamis – represent a significant risk in some parts of the world. This is especially the case where active tectonic plate overview boundaries interact with areas of high population density and low levels of development. Resilience in these places can be low, and the interaction of physical systems with vulnerable populations can result in major disasters. An in-depth understanding of the causes of tectonic hazards is key to both increasing the degree to which they can be managed, and putting in place successful responses that can mitigate social and economic impacts and allow humans to adapt to hazard occurrence. Know the What is the evolution of plate tectonic theory and what happens at the different types of plate boundary? Watch the following YouTube clip and make notes: basics https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zbtAXW-2nz0 Make a glossary of these key terms: Natural hazard; natural disaster; core; mantle; crust; plate boundary; convergent; divergent; transform; shield volcano; composite volcano; pyroclastic flow; vulnerability; resilience; mitigation; preparedness; development; governance; vulnerability; risk. **Understand** Enquiry question 1: Why are some locations more at risk from tectonic hazards? Make brief notes as you read/watch: the issues What are the causes of earthquakes (at the different types of plate margin)? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= r nFT2m-Vg What are the hazards associated with earthquakes? https://www.gns.cri.nz/Home/Learning/Science-Topics/Earthquakes/Earthquake-Hazards What are the causes of volcanoes? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0u3lyeYRzmA What are the hazards associated with volcanoes? What are the causes of tsunamis? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Wx9vPv-T51I What are the hazards associated with tsunamis? (see same clip) **Enquiry question 2:** Why do some hazards develop into disasters? **Analyse and** Explain how the following factors affect the effects of tectonic hazards: evaluate Location (proximity to plate boundaries and types of plate boundary) Population density Level of development Quality of governance Surrounding physical geography – mountains, oceans etc. Analyse and **Enquiry question 3:** How successful is the management of tectonic hazards? Explain how tectonic hazards can be managed, and what are their limitations? evaluate Volcanoes: http://www.explorevolcanoes.com/volcanic%20hazard%20management.html Earthquakes: https://www.slideshare.net/patdesy/managing-earthquakes Tsunamis: https://www.redcross.org/get-help/how-to-prepare-for-emergencies/typesof-emergencies/tsunami.html Write up three paragraphs to answer the three enquiry questions: Learning Why are some locations more at risk from tectonic hazards? Summary Why do some hazards develop into disasters? How successful is the management of tectonic hazards? Bring this one-page summary to your first lesson! Just for fun!

A LEVEL	GEOGRAPHY: Globalisation				
See the overview	Globalisation and global interdependence continue to accelerate, resulting in changing opportunities for businesses and people. Inequalities are caused within and between countries as shifts in patterns of wealth occur. Cultural impacts on the identity of a community increases as flows of ideas, people and goods take place. Recognising that both tensions in communities and pressures on environments are likely, will help players implement sustainable solutions.				
Know the basics	What is globalisation? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JJ0nFD19eT8				
	Make a glossary of the following key terms: globalisation; commodities; capital; communications; free-market liberalisation; capitalism; privatisation; subsidies; protectionism; tariffs; quotas; foreign direct investment; interdependence; cultural diffusion; sustainability.				
Understand the issues	Enquiry question 1: What are the causes of globalisation and why has it accelerated in recent decades? Explain how improvements in transport and communications have helped globalisation. How did the EU form and how does it represent globalisation? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GfN05WB">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XgnXwrsMBUs How has the Chinese government used globalisation to develop?				
Understand the issues	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kdSLPUh45wY Enquiry question 2: What are the impacts of globalisation for countries, different groups of people and the physical environment?				
0₹% (@ <u>.</u> @)	What are the socio-economic impacts of increased manufacturing in Asia? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eLmalbb13GM What are the negative social, economic and environmental impacts of globalisation in both the developed and developing world? https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3ebu5XJjwmM				
Analyse and	Enquiry question 3: What are the consequences of globalisation for global development and the				
evaluate	physical environment and how should different players respond to its challenges? Explain how globalisation has created winners and losers in developing countries Explain how globalisation has affected the environment How is the town of Totnes in Devon trying to reduce the impacts of globalisation? https://www.theguardian.com/environment/video/2011/jun/17/transition-town-totnes-ashden-award-video				
Learning	Write up three paragraphs to answer the three enquiry questions: 1. What are the causes of globalisation and why has it accelerated in recent decades?				
Summary	2. What are the impacts of globalisation for countries, different groups of people and the physical				
	environment? 3. What are the consequences of globalisation for global development and the physical environment and how should different players respond to its challenges? Bring this one-page summary to your first lesson!				
Just for fun!	https://www.bbc.co.uk/programmes/p057b865				
Optional Super Challenge	Physical Geography: Make 3 case studies of tectonic events – one volcano, one earthquake and one tsunami. What were the causes? What were the effects? Were the effects bad or not? Explain the factors that affected the effects.				
	Human Geography: Essay question (aim for 1.5 sides of A4). "Globalisation has had a mainly positive impact on the world." To what extent do you agree with this statement?				

Graphics A Level



Suppose you want to announce or sell something, amuse or persuade someone, explain a complicated system or demonstrate a process. In other words, you have a message you want to communicate. How do you "send" it? You could tell people one by one or broadcast by radio or loudspeaker. That's verbal communication. But if you use any visual medium at all-if you make a poster; type a letter; create a business logo, a magazine ad, or an album cover; even make a computer printout-you are using a form of visual communication called graphic design

Graphic design is all around us. It is in our morning paper, on our commute to school, and on the cover of our favourite magazines.

Graphic Design is a visual language uniting harmony and balance, colour and light, scale and tension, form and content.

Summer Task

Create packaging designs for a **food or drink product** inspired by the culture of a location. Choose **one** of the design cultures of the following page.

Create a presentation (on a computer or in a sketchbook) which includes the following:

- Collections of inspirational products related to the culture and moodboards representing the visual style of the culture
- Design sketches at least 4 A4 pages of options... (annotate as appropriate)
- Choice of colour ranges for your product
- Choice of typography options
- Apply colour and typography options to a relevant food or drink product design through a sketch or on a mockup
- An attempt at creating a physical piece of packaging (maybe a bottle or jar label, box) bring this in as well as adding photographs to your presentation



"Graphic design is the process and art of combining text and graphics and communicating an effective message in the design of logos, graphics, brochures, newsletters, posters, signs, and any other type of visual communication.





A LEVEL HISTORY – The Tudors

See the overview

Who were the Tudor monarchs and what were the main events of the period? Create a visual timeline for the Tudor monarchs from 1485 to 1603. Include each monarch, the dates of their reign and 5-8 key events in each reign. Use the following: https://www.english-heritage.org.uk/learn/story-of-england/tudors/ and https://www.englishmonarchs.co.uk/tudor_21.htm



Why are the Tudors still significant today? Read the following article:

https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/articles/zrhdbdm. Summarise the significance of the Tudors using a mind-map.

Know the basics



Glossary: What key terms must you know to access the course? Define the following: reign; Wars of the Roses; Lancastrians; Yorkists; succession; usurp; depose; legitimacy; heir; domestic policy; foreign policy; revenue; nobility; government; parliament; and any other terms you come across in your research that you are unfamiliar with.

Why was England so unstable in 1485? Read this and write a summary paragraph, including these words —Richard III, Bosworth, Wars of the Roses, Henry VII: https://schoolhistory.co.uk/notes/the-battle-of-bosworth/

Understand the issues

What were the main challenges Henry VII faced as King and how did he tackle them?

Watch this overview: https://www.britannica.com/biography/Henry-VII-king-of-England

Watch this documentary: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-5FsriGn300&app=desktop



Draw this grid:

Issue/challenge Henry VII faced	Why this was an issue	How he tackled it

As you read/watch, complete the grid, aiming for 6-8 issues. Be sure to include his legitimacy as well as the challenge of consolidating his power in his early reign.

Analyse and evaluate



On your grid, in one colour, highlight anything you think Henry VII handled well. In another colour, highlight anything you think he mishandled. Then, **rank order** the issues with what you would argue he handled best at number 1 and worst at number 6-8. In two short paragraphs, explain your reasoning as to why Henry VII handled one issue the best and the other issue the worst.



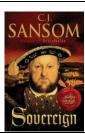
Overall, how successful a monarch was Henry VII from 1485-1509?



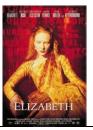
On a maximum of one side of A4, write up **your final judgement** to answer this question based on your research. You should include an introduction with your overall opinion of Henry VII's reign. You should then include 3 main paragraphs, each tackling an issue of your choice, explaining why it was an issue and how Henry VII tackled it, to support your overall opinion. Finish off with a final conclusion. To challenge yourself, you could include the views of other historians here too — one who supports your view and another who would challenge you. Bring this one-page summary to your first lesson!

Just for fun!













Optional Super Challenge

As an historian, do you think historical fiction/film is useful in terms of understanding an individual/event/period of time? Why/why not?

<u></u>

Read one of CJ Sansom's Shardlake mysteries (e.g. *Revelation* or *Heartstone*) or Philippa Gregory's novels on Tudor women's lives (e.g. *The Red Queen* or *The White Princess) or* Hilary Mantel's *Wolf Hall* trilogy.

Choose a piece of historical fiction or film based in the Tudor period. Write an evaluation of it, indicating which parts are factually accurate and where the writer/director has taken a more controversial/loose interpretation, away from the facts. As an historian, do you think historical fiction/film is useful in terms of understanding an individual/event/period of time? Why/why not?

A LEVEL HISTORY – The Transformation of China 1936-1997 Who was Mao Zedong and how did he rule China? Research and write a profile of Mao Zedong. Include See the information on: his background, how he came to power in 1949, his policies in China and important events overview during his rule. https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/history-ks3-gcse-the-story-of-china-the-riseof-mao-zedong/zfnnd6f Glossary: What key terms must you know to access the course? Define the following: Communism, Know the Capitalism, Nationalism, fascism, Marxism, Comintern, the USSR, Guomindang, Republic, democracy, Cold basics War, Guerrilla warfare, collectivisation, propaganda. What happened during the Chinese Civil War? Read this page of BBC bitesize and write a summary of the war between the communists and the nationalists between 1927 and 1949. https://history-maps.com/story/Chinese-Civil-War What was life like in communist China? **Understand** Create a mind-map with features of life/policies in communist China. Each of the bullet points below should the form part of your mindmap. issues/skills 1. Maoism 2. The Little Red Book 3. Collectivisation 4. The Great Leap Forward The Hundred Flowers Campaign 6. The Cultural Revolution Use the following to help you (along with any other reliable websites/books): http://www.bbc.co.uk/history/historic figures/mao zedong.shtml https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JIIh00ETbxA https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xWRhPf9Qzmw https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g 2FZ-V 4zs https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LqJ9IpWOYQA&t=6s Why did the Communists win the Civil War in 1949? **Analyse and** Create a grid with two headings: evaluate Weaknesses of the Nationalists (Chiang Strengths of the Communists Kai-Shek/Guomindang) Evidence that this view is valid. Research the answer to this question by reading: https://www.crfusa.org/images/t2t/pdf/WhyDidCommunistsWinChineseRevolution.pdf and watching: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1Wb6P8II8xY For each of the headings try to find 5 pieces of specific evidence which shows that the argument is valid as a reason why the communists won the Civil War. Can you add any other important reasons why the communists won? What was the more important reason why the Communists won the Civil War in 1949: Weaknesses of the Learning Nationalists or Strengths of the Communists? Summary/ On a maximum of one side of A4, write up your final judgement to answer this question based on your Outcome

research. You should include an introduction with your view about why the Communists won the Civil War. You should then include 2 main paragraphs, one explaining how the weaknesses of the Nationalists led to the Mao's victory and one explaining how the strengths of Communists led to Mao's victory. Finish off with a final conclusion. To challenge yourself, you could add an extra paragraph about other factors which led to Mao's victory. Bring this one-page summary to your first lesson!

Just for fun!













History extra podcast: Maoism

Optional Super Challenge

As an historian, do you think historical fiction/film is useful in terms of understanding an individual/event/period of time? Why/why not?

Watch The Last Emperor. Write an evaluation of it, indicating which parts are factually accurate and where the writer/director has taken a more controversial/loose interpretation, away from the facts. As an historian, do you think historical fiction/film is useful in terms of understanding an individual/event/period of time? Why/why not? https://www.theguardian.com/film/2009/apr/15/the-last-emperor



INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY See the To familiarise yourself with the course structure, please read through the following specification document. The course you will be studying is Cambridge Technical IT Level 3 and you will be studying the overview pathway Emerging Digital Practitioner and the course. https://www.ocr.org.uk/Images/260857-cambridge-technicals-it-summary-brochure.pdf In September you will beginning work on the two compulsory units. Familiarise yourself with basic Know the terminology and concepts, of the following topic areas ... basics Understand computer hardware. Understand computer software. Understand business IT systems. Understand employability and communication skills used in an IT environment. Understand ethical and operational issues and threats to computer systems. Use the link below to access a free sample ebook of the textbook that is required during this course. https://www.hoddereducation.co.uk/media/Documents/Cambridge%20Technicals/IT-Cambridge-Technicals-Unit-1.pdf **Understand** Some of the key skills you should be exploring before starting the course: Be able to describe and explain roles of different hardware: the skills http://www.teach-ict.com/gcse_new/networks/hardware/miniweb/index.htm Be able to describe and explain various roles of Software: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zcg9kqt/revision/1 Understand units of data and be able to convert data units for example binary to decimal, and vice versa. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pCIUh20mNIA Hardware troubleshooting https://edu.gcfglobal.org/en/computerbasics/basic-troubleshooting-techniques/1/ https://app.diagrams.net/ Learning Visit the website above and create a mind map showing the various hardware troubleshooting Summary techniques that are regularly used. Your mind map should also have sub-nodes with additional information for each technique. Just for fun! Watch the following videos on the topics you will study for coursework: Can Virtual reality change your mind? Ted Talk https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eFHj8OVC1 s Evolution of Virtual and Augmented Reality by 2025 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= d-hMZaU5Po How Social Media is changing the face of Business. TedTalk https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ekPGf3QeBIE History and Evolution of Digital Marketing https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fLXIrC6Eupc The Internet of Everything. TedTalk https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K-FhMegdlJo History of Internet of Things https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DLH9p4vyvuM **Optional** You are encouraged to explore a range of different uses of virtual and augmented reality and to then identify the differences between the two technologies, you could create a power point presentation on Super Challenge Top 10 Augmented Reality Use Cases. Use the link below to access the 12 Augmented Reality Trends of 2024 to start you off

https://mobidev.biz/blog/augmented-reality-future-trends-2018-2020

A LEVEL	MATHEMATICS			
See the overview	Each of these topics listed below is essential background knowledge for the A level Mathematics course, which you will follow in September. Using the following link (https://www.waddesdonschool.com/post-16-passport/), you will find the Vacation Work for AS Mathematics booklet which you will need to work through to help prepare.			
Know the basics	Before starting any A level Mathematics course at Waddesdon, you will need to be confident with the following topics: Solving linear simultaneous equations Expanding brackets – single, double, triple Factorising Solving linear equations Solve Quadratic equation – by factorising, using the quadratic formula and completing the square Solving Linear & Quadratic inequalities Using laws of Indices Manipulating Surds Co-ordinate Geometry: y = mx+c, find the mid-point, distance between two points Functions: finding inverse and composite functions Using simple algebraic proof			
Understand the skills ○↑↑↑↑○ (圖	If you find any topics particularly difficult, I would recommend using a GCSE HIGHER TIER revision guide or GCSE Maths websites such as, http://www.mymaths.co.uk or BBC Bitesize ->secondary->GCSE(England)->Maths->Edexcel https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/examspecs/z9p3mnb . Work through the topics mentioned above, but any of the topics from the ALGEBRA, GEOMETRY & MEASURES and PROBABILITY & STATICS sections will help to prepare you for the A level course.			
Learning Summary	As a minimum, you should read the examples in the booklet (see link above) for each topic and <u>do all the</u> <u>questions marked with a star in the exercises</u> . Do all your work on lined A4 paper, as you will be using a ring binder in the Sixth Form. You may want to do more questions than this, so the answers to all the exercises are included at the back. When you arrive in September, remember you must bring in your answers (make sure they are marked, showing your method clearly) to all of the starred questions to your first Maths lesson . This work will help you to be ready to sit a test in the week beginning 13 th Sept 2021.			
Just for fun!	The Numberphile website has lots of podcasts and videos on a range of topics from historic discoveries to recent breakthroughs: https://www.numberphile.com/ Podcast			
Optional Super Challenge	Investigate the task SORTED. Use this link https://nrich.maths.org/8192 and write an evaluation of the pros and cons of each sorting algorithm (Bubble, Shuttle, Selection, Insertion and Quick). Consider which algorithm is quickest and why. If you would like to try other problems, use the Nrich website links below to the post 16 curriculum https://nrich.maths.org/9088 and Mathematical Processes at KS5 which is great for exploring other idea https://nrich.maths.org/9231 . The website below has links to other websites, especially if you are thinking of studying Mathematics beyond A level: https://myheplus.com/subject/mathematics			

A LEVEL MEDIA STUDIES – Analysing Advertising Analysing Media Texts: Find an advertisement that you find interesting (either a still image on a website/magazine/newspaper or a filmed advertisement). Find another one for a competing product e.g. See the two adverts for different brands of trainers, like one for Nike and one for Reebok, OR find an advert for a overview similar product that is much older e.g. a current Nike advertisement and a 1970s Nike advertisement. Watch the following video explaining representation and cultivation theory: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7JhbgHIVdnE. Explain who and what is being represented in the advertisements you chose and any ideas that are being cultivated. Are these traditional ideas or more contemporary ideas? Watch the following video explaining how and why stereotyping is often used in texts: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HxK5CXfKSCI Using the language in this video, explain how the advertisements you chose use this stereotyping of people, places, colours, events, etc. Know the Glossary: What key terms must you know to access the course? Research and explain the following: representation, audience, cultivation theory, narrative; denotes, connotes; ideology/myth; slogan; colour basics codes; lighting codes; proxemics; para-proxemics; codes; stereotyping and any other terms you come across in your research that you are unfamiliar with. Watch this explanation about analysing media texts: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bow0Y9QUIBU Read the following explanation of Barthes' ideas of denotes, connotes, myth/ideology: https://addavies.wordpress.com/2010/10/27/denotation-connotation-and-myth/ Using the language from the video and reading, and some of the terms above, explain how the advertisements you chose use these codes. **Understand How and Why People Interpret Media Texts Differently** Watch this video explaining the different types of readings (or interpretations) and reasons for them: the issues https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7JhbgHIVdnE. Make notes on what is meant by preferred, oppositional and negotiated readings. Reading how different newspapers cover issues will give you an excellent sense of media bias and how different newspapers appeal to their audiences and attempt to cultivate certain opinions: https://www.theguardian.com/uk; https://inews.co.uk/; https://www.dailymail.co.uk/home/index.html **Analyse and** Draw a grid using 4 headings of terminology relevant to your advertisements that you have already evaluate researched e.g. Representation of People, Colours of Product, Lighting, Semantic Codes. On the opposite column, write preferred reading, oppositional reading and negotiated reading. Write in the grid notes on each of these areas. Which theory - cultivation theory; Hall's representation and stereotyping; Barthes' codes; or Hall's Learning ideas of readings - best explains the advertisements you chose? Summary On a maximum of one side of A4, write up your final judgement to answer this question based on your research. You should include an introduction explaining the key points of the two advertisements, using some of the language you have studied. You should then include 3 main paragraphs, each tackling a part of one of the theories and using some of the terminology you have learned. Bring this one-page summary to your first lesson! Just for fun! https://www.amazon.com/Witnesses-Season-1-English-Subtitled/dp/B00WH1FGL8 **Optional** Listen to The Business of Film with Mark Kermode https://www.bbc.co.uk/sounds/play/b054pbwz. Research how 2 recent films you're familiar with fit into the ideas he discusses. Super Challenge

MUSIC BTEC Level 3 Extended Certificate How Studying Music is Good for You: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R0JKCYZ8hng overview Why Study Music Theory? Music is about expression, creation, emotion and connection. It is also like a computer game or puzzle. The more you understand it, the more enjoyable it can be. Check out this video - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ateSgVzxw5g - and create a mindmap that presents some of the reasons why learning music theory is important. Use images and poetic language to help if you wish. Make it something that reminds you why you are learning theory when theory is tough! **Know the** Piano Skills & Knowledge: Watch this video - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ud9CpGOG1GE - to top up your skills on the piano, which will really help you to understand how create different chords basics using the piano. It is a very long tutorial including a full set of piano lessons that will teach you how to find your way around the piano. If you are not already a pianist, take it step by step, e.g. one lesson a day. You do not need to be able to play the instrument fluently but it will give you a real advantage if you can understand the content by the time you start the Music course. It will also help you understand the next step. Single Ladies Analysis: Watch this video - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0rRKBXQotnA (0:00-6:16) Understand - to see how much music theory can be pulled out of Single Ladies by Beyoncé. Without this knowledge, the it would be very difficult to recreate some of the techniques used in its composition when we perform or issues/skills write our own music. Deeping Your Knowledge To See Music Differently: Watch this video https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dbabDhGZAhM - to see how Adam Neely has used books and other sources to develop as a musician. Skills Audit: Create a list of 10 performance skills you know on your main instrument. If you cannot think of 10 different ones, spend some time researching them and practicing them. **Analyse and** Using Theory Knowledge for a Performance: Create a cover version of a song/piece you like for your instrument. Spend time planning your own version of the part so that it sounds different from the evaluate original and use as many performance skills as you can. Once you have planned it and practiced it, create a video of you performing your cover version over the original. **Examples:** Drums - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AD6gIOD Ewg Vocals - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=maAG-YgVzZY Piano - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_SywaUbg5wU Guitar - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6Y3zYsLfFGw Learning How Did It Go? On maximum of one side of A4, write an evaluation critiquing the process of planning, practicing and performing your cover version. You should include an introduction discussing how you felt Summary before you started the process. You should then include 3 main paragraphs, tackling the planning, practicing and performing processes. Finish off with a final conclusion, analysing the final outcome and what you would do differently next time. Bring this one-page summary to your first lesson! Just for fun! (Click on the Scary Pockets image to open the link) **Optional** Watch this musician challenge video - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yqAziP3A EA Super Challenge Then do these tests and see what score you can get! http://jakemandell.com/adaptivepitch/ https://tonedear.com/ear-training/absolute-perfect-pitch-test

MUSIC TECHNOLOGY

overview

What does this course involve? - https://musictechstudent.co.uk/a-level-music-technology-2017-9mt/



Why study Music Technology & Music Production? Learning about music production and creating music is usually more than an academic pursuit. For most people, it is a passion and something that we do as part of our own recreation. Watch this video - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xpCS2qDFb7s - to create a mindmap that presents some of the reasons why learning music technology is important. Use images to help make it something that reminds you why you are learning about Music Technology when it is tough! Here's another link to a podcast that discusses pro audio career opportunities https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ab5Szg0glYQ

Know the basics

DAW Knowledge



Having a strong and secure understanding of the digital audio workstation (or DAW) is your ticket to achieving well on the Music Technology course. At Waddesdon, we use Logic Pro, an industry-standard DAW, that is intuitive and has all of the features required for music production and sound creation. Top up your knowledge of the basics by completing this video course https://musictechstudent.co.uk/courses/getting-started-logic-pro-x/

Understand the

Knowing how to use the tools



One of the components of A Level Music Technology is a composition using only software instruments in Logic Pro. Marks are awarded for using these to create original sounds, as well as using Logic to automate changes in the sounds as they play throughout the piece. Improve your Logic Pro sound creation skills for software instruments using this short video course - https://musictechstudent.co.uk/courses/logic-prox-software-instruments/



Analyse and evaluate

Listening Is Key



The most important skill for any music producer, composer or engineer is listening. Being able to recognise what makes a great recording, mix and arrangement is essential. Listen to "I Just Don't Think I'll Ever Get Over You" by Colin Hay. How does the track make you feel? How do you think the song was recorded? Where is production used?

Write 1 side of A4 analysing the musical and production features of "I Just Don't Think I'll Ever Get Over You". You should consider time signature, tempo, structure, chords, use of instruments and the way the song is performed in relation to what is the song about and how the sparse arrangement reinforces the meaning and intended emotional impact of the song.

Learning Summary

What's Your Thing?



After considering the technical and listening skills required to be a successful music producer, composer or engineer, tell us about your reasons for choosing the course. What are you already able to do? What are your hopes and plans? What do you want to learn? Summarise in a paragraph of no more than 300 words.

Just for fun!

(Click on the image to open the link)













Optional Super Challenge

Then do these tests and see what score you can get!

- https://asiapac.medtronic.com/content/dam/covidien/library/us/en/product/capnographymonitoring/capnostream-tutorial-quiz/index.html
- https://tonedear.com/ear-training/absolute-perfect-pitch-test



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PHOTOGRAPHY A LEVEL

Photography is one of those subjects that everybody within our contemporary culture has an opinion about. It is, after all, probably one of the only forms of communication that is truly universal, crossing social and cultural boundaries and interweaving itself seamlessly with so many aspects of our lives. It not only reflects and offers commentary on our lives, but in many ways, shapes them too.

Through studying Photography at A Level at Waddesdon you will develop an understanding of the aesthetics of the photographic image, technical skills using digital SLR cameras, explore studio lighting, ICT skills using professional software; developing creativity, flexibility, motivation and a range of problem solving and social skills. Photography is a subject people study because they have a passion, for many this leads to work or further study in the industry, for others, studying photography at A Level provides a transferable skill they can take into life and work.



JMMER TASK

- Choose one theme to explore (see reverse)
- Research 2 photographers for each theme to inspire your making present this on a series of pages
- Plan a series of photoshoots in response to the research you have completed
- Edit and select best images presenting these in your summer work presentation

Challenge yourself to try new things!

Be prepared to share your work in our first lesson in September, make sure you bring it in with you.

PRESENT IN EITHER:

- · Sketchbook or folder,
- · Digital presentation (InDesign/Keynote/PPT)
- Online presentation (Website Wix/Squarespace etc.)

We're looking forward to seeing how your explore the themes and working with you in September.

"Photography for me is not looking, it's feeling. If you can't feel what you're looking at, then you're never going to get others to feel anything when they look at your pictures."

Don McCullin

ABSTRACT



Vilde J. Rolfsen



Jerry Read



Margriet Smulders

The enemy of photography is the convention, the fixed rules of 'how to do'. The salvation of photography comes from the experiment.

-- Laszlo Moholy-Nagy

■ MEETING PLACES



Hannah Starkey



William Eggleston



Irina Peicu



STREET



Thomas Leuthard



Street Hunters (photography collective)



Yanidel



Martin Parr

SURREAL



Kensuke Koike



Martin Stranka



Tommy Ingberg

SOLITUDE



Brunel Johnson



Lark Foord



Rach Stewart

A LEVEL PE - Applied Anatomy and Physiology

See the overview

Course overview



- Read the specification to familiarise yourself with the course structure (pg. 7-8) and the topics covered (pg. 9-30) → https://filestore.aqa.org.uk/resources/pe/specifications/AQA-7582-SP-2016.PDF
- Unlike GCSE, at A level you are assessed practically in one sport only. Check that the sport you want to be assessed in is on the agreed activity list (pg. 3 under "List of activities applying to qualifications awarded from 2022 for A level/2021 for AS level")
 https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/860801/GCE_PE_activity_list_revised_Nov_2019.pdf

Applied Anatomy & Physiology overview (Paper 1- Section A). In this section of the course, you will develop knowledge and understanding of the changes within the body systems prior to exercise, during exercise of differing intensities and during recovery. Topics include: cardiovascular system, respiratory system, neuromuscular system, musculoskeletal system and energy systems.

Know the basics

Create a glossary by finding out the definitions for the following key terms from each of the topics:

CV system	Respiratory system	Neuromuscular system	Musculoskeletal system	Energy systems
Heart rate	Tidal volume	Type 1 muscle fibre	Dorsiflexion/Plantarflexion	VO₂ max
Stroke volume	Inspiratory reserve volume	Type 2a muscle fibre	Flexion/Extension	ATP
Cardiac output	Expiratory reserve volume	Type 2x muscle fibre	Abduction/Adduction	EPOC
Starling's Law	Residual volume	Motor unit	Horizontal abduction & adduction	Lactate
Haemoglobin	Minute ventilation	All or None Law	Agonist/Antagonist	threshold
Myoglobin	Diffusion	PNF stretching	Concentric/Eccentric contraction	Oxygen deficit
Bohr shift	Gaseous exchange	Proprioceptors	Isometric contraction	RER
Venous return	Baroreceptor	Muscle spindles		
Vasodilation	Chemoreceptor	Golgi tendon organ		
Vasoconstriction	Proprioceptor	Autogenic inhibition		
Cardiovascular drift				

Understand the training methods

Research the following training methods – Altitude training, High Intensity Interval Training, Plyometrics, SAQ, Continuous training, Circuit training, Weight training, Fartlek Training and SAQ. Create a table with the following headings - description, energy system impacted, athlete example who would use this training method, advantages, disadvantages. Using your own independent research complete the table for each training method.

Search "MyPEexam", "James Morris" and "The PE Tutor" on YouTube for some helpful videos.

Analyse and evaluate

- 1. Refresh your memory of the **3 planes and axes** from your GCSE notes
- 2. Pick **one** of the following questions to answer:
- Analyse and evaluate the importance of the sagittal plane and the transverse axis in football
- Analyse and evaluate the importance of the frontal plane and the sagittal axis in gymnastics
- Analyse and evaluate the importance of the transverse plane and the longitudinal axis in ice-skating



Things to include- Knowledge (describe the plane/axis and the movements that take place), Application (examples from the sport of movements that take place in the plane/axis), Analysis & evaluation (are other planes/axis and movements important for that sport? Are the planes/axis in the question more important for another sport? Would the plane/axis be more/less important for different positions e.g. in football?)

Learning Summary/ Outcome



Choose **one sport and one of the following anatomical systems** (cardiovascular, respiratory, neuromuscular, musculoskeletal). On maximum of **one side of A4**, explain how the anatomical system you have chosen influences performance in that sport. You need to conduct your own independent research on your chosen anatomical system. You should consider the requirements of that sport, training they will undergo, intensity/duration of their sport and recovery. Make reference to specific examples from your chosen sport. Bring this one-page summary/outcome to your first lesson!

Just for fun!

















Optional Super Challenge

PNF Research Task



Make a video demonstrating how to perform PNF stretching. You will need to borrow a family member to do this. In your video, you should explain the steps to PNF stretching, the physiology that underpins this stretching technique i.e. details of the proprioceptors used, and finally any advantages and disadvantages of the method.

Useful videos: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BJI5uPhWM6U&t=44s/ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PhfbsLEPusO https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CVncbuZdfbQ&list=PLY4BdBEBvnHO7DwkVNs_aaYusOGboWyqK&index=27

A LEVEL PE - Skill Acquisition and Sport & Society

See the overview



Skill Acquisition overview (Paper 1- Section B). This section of the course focuses on how skill is acquired and the impact of psychological factors on performance. Topics include: skill continuums & skill transfer, methods & types of practice, theories of learning & performance, guidance & feedback and memory models.

Sport & Society overview (Paper 1- Section C). In this section of the course, you will develop knowledge and understanding of the interaction between, and the evolution of, sport and society. Topics include: Emergence of globalisation of sport in the 21st century (Pre-industrial/pre-1780, Industrial & post-industrial/1780-1900 and Post World War II/1950-present) and the impact of sport on society and of society on sport (sociological theory applied to equal opportunities).

Know the basics



Create a glossary by finding out the definitions for the following key terms from each of the topics **Skill Acquisition**

Skill continuums & skill	Methods & types of	Theories of learning &	Guidance &	Memory models
transfer	practice	performance	feedback	
Open/closed, gross/fine,	Whole, progressive part	Cognitive, associative and	Verbal, visual,	Working memory
discrete/serial/continuous,	& whole-part-whole	autonomous (stages of	manual &	Schema
self-paced/externally	(methods of practice)	learning)	mechanical	Selective attention
paced, high/ low &			(guidance)	Simple/choice reaction
simple/complex (skill	Massed, distributed,	Learning plateau		time
continuums)	variable & mental (types		Knowledge of	Hick's Law
	of practice)	Operant conditioning	performance,	Single channel
Positive, negative, zero &		Observational learning	knowledge of	hypothesis
bilateral (types of transfer)		Social development	results, positive,	Psychological refractory
		theory	negative, intrinsic	period
		Insight learning	& extrinsic	Spatial anticipation
			(feedback)	Temporal anticipation

Sport & Society

Pre-industrial/pre- 1780	Industrial & post- industrial/1780-1900	Pre-industrial/pre- 1780	Sociological theory applied to equal opportunities
1700	11100311101/1700 1500	1700	opportunities
Feudal system	Amateur	Commercialisation	Society
Mob football	Athleticism	Globalisation	Socialisation (primary and secondary)
Popular recreation	Codification	Golden triangle	Social stratification
Real Tennis	Industrial revolution	Lawn Tennis	Discrimination, stereotyping & prejudice
	Professional	Media	Channelling
	Public provision	Open era	Inequality
	Rational recreation	Social media	Whole sport plans
	Urbanisation	Sponsorship	

Understand the issues



Factors that influence participation in sport. Research how disability, ethnicity, gender and low socioeconomic status can act as barriers to participation in sport. For each of these underrepresented groups, you should also find out any possible solutions to overcoming these barriers.

Analyse and evaluate



Task → Choose one sport. For each of the 6 skill continua (refer to glossary above), identify 2 examples from your chosen sport where that continue are used. You also need to choose 1 method and 1 type of practice (refer to glossary above) that could be used to develop skills in your chosen sport. You should consider which continua are most/least relevant in your chosen sport and any advantages/disadvantages of your method and type of practice.

Learning Summary

Answer the following questions on maximum one side of A4 and bring it to your first lesson!

- Why did you choose A Level PE?
- From reading the spec, which topics are you most looking forward to learning about and why?
- What did you find easiest and most difficult in PE at GCSE? (mention specific topics)
- What is the biggest challenge for you in A Level PE and how you will aim to overcome this challenge?
- What sport are you strongest in and want to be assessed practically in?
- Are you interested in a career path related to PE? If so what is it and how will you get there?

Just for fun!

















Optional Super Challenge



Theories of Learning

Research the following four theories of learning: operant conditioning, observational learning, social development theory and insight learning. Create a presentation highlighting the key features of the theory, how this might relate to learning within sport and also the positives and negatives of the theory's application within sport.

A LEVEL PHYSICS See the CGPHead Start to A-level Physics Head Start to A level Physics will provide you overview with key concepts and activities to practice. It is Head Start to specifically designed to bridge the gap to A A-Level Physics **** level. **Know the** Once you are confident on the activities in the Head Start guide, you should download AQA's transition guide. It talks you through the A level and what to expect, guides you towards places to look for help and basics lays out the key facts for you. There are activities to complete within the transition guide that will help check your understanding: Please refer to the following link for the guide: https://www.waddesdonschool.com/post-16-passport/ If you would like more specific details about the AQA A level Physics course you will be taught, I would recommend reading through the student friendly version of the specification here: https://www.alevelphysicsonline.com/aga In addition to the A level in Physics, by successfully completing the course, you will hopefully be awarded a Practical Endorsement. To help prepare yourself for this please see this guide: https://filestore.aga.org.uk/resources/physics/AQA-7407-7408-PHBK.PDF There is no need to work through or even read all of the guide. However, it is key that you look at the information on Tabulating Data, Significant Figures, Uncertainties and Graphing (pages 37-56), and the Key Terms on pages 57-59 and write yourself a summary for these. Physics insight and understanding comes through doing physics, in particular, solving problems. Isaac **Understand** the issues Physics https://isaacphysics.org is an Open Platform for Active Learning (OPAL) designed to offer support and activities in physics problem solving to students transitioning from GCSE through to Sixth Form. Keep your physics problem solving skills sharp by doing at least 3 problems every week. Learning From all of the tasks above, write yourself a one-page summary of: Summary -What you are most looking forward to about A level Physics -What the biggest challenge is likely to be for you in A level Physics -How you will aim to overcome this challenge and address it. Bring this one-page summary/outcome to your first lesson! HELEN CZERSKI Just for fun! two The Secret Genius of Modern Life





https://www.bbc.co.uk/iplayer/episodes/m001f1tg/the-secret-genius-of-modern-life

Physics A-level Journal Club from @warwickuni is a weekly guided reading of a piece of physics research, aiming to enrich the study of physics for A level students (and very keen GCSE students). For more information, see http://bit.ly/PhysJournalClub. Write up a summary review from one of the pieces of research, with what you've learned and what questions you now have as a result of the research.

A LEVEL PRODUCT DESIGN See the To redesign an existing product to make is more sustainable, considering environmental, social and economic factors. Select an existing everyday product such as a household item, electronic gadget or overview personal accessory that you believe could be improved to be more sustainable. Consider the materials the product is made from, the raw materials that are extracted from the earth to make the product and the disposal once the products life is over. Examples could be: Packaging, furniture, bicycles, smart phones, kettles or desk lamps. Key Words Understand the following: Sustainability, redesign, anthropometrics, ergonomics, Know the environmental impact, life cycle analysis, circular economy, waste reduction, recycling, upcycling, ethical basics sourcing, fair labour practices, renewable energy, carbon footprint, eco-friendly, user-centered design, cradle-to-cradle, biodegradable and eco-conscious consumers. Specification For more information on the AQA 7552 D&T; Product Design Specification. Please use the link here: https://www.aqa.org.uk/subjects/design-and-technology/a-level/design-and-technology-product-design-7552/specification-at-a-glance Research the importance of sustainability and understand what designers can do to create a positive **Understand** impact on people's lives as well as the environment. the issues Explore the following areas: Resource conservation, social responsibility, economic viability, design strategies, material selection and product disassembly. Compile your research, sketches and written justification and reflective statement into a coherent **Analyse and** presentation. You may choose to create a digital presentation with slides, or a physical portfolio with evaluate printed materials. Think critically, be creative and consider the holistic impact of your redesigned product. As a designer, which do you believe takes priority: form follows function or function follows form? Learning Explain and justify your reasons for your opinion, with reference to sustainable design. It is up to you Summary how you wish to layout your work e.g. Hand drawn or as a presentation. Bring your outcome to your first lesson. Just for fun! **OTHER 90%** NVISIBLE Design for the other The True Cost; Documentary Audio podcast: 99% 90% by Cynthia E. Smith directed by Andrew Morgan Invisible As a designer, do you think modern Design Movements use sustainable methods and materials? **Optional Explain your answer.** Super Read one of the books in the list below: Challenge Design for the other 90% by Cynthia E. Smith **Great Designs** by DK Books Design: The Definitive Visual History by DK books Scandinavian Design by Charlotte and Peter Fiell Less but Better by Dieter Rams Eames by Gloria Koenig Explain the beginning of Post Modernism and define the common styles and features found on products and architecture related to the era. Make reference to specific designers, movements and work to support your discussion. Other useful websites: https://apps.daydreameducation.com/pocket-poster-revision-guides/gcse-dt/ https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/examspecs/zby2bdm https://i-want-to-study-engineering.org/

A LEVEL PSYCHOLOGY - The Foundations of Psychology

See the overview



<u>The origins of Psychology</u>: Research the Origins of Psychology and answer the following questions: Who was Wilhelm Wundt? Why is he seen as the father of Psychology? What is meant by structuralism? What is introspection and how is it carried out? Why is introspection criticised as being unscientific? Who is John Locke? What is meant by empiricism and how is this linked to Psychology?

Use the following websites to help: https://www.simplypsychology.org/wundt.html https://www.simplypsychology.org/wundt.html https://www.simplypsychology.org/wundt.html https://www.simplypsychology.org/wundt.html https://www.simplypsychology.org/wundt.html https://www.simplypsychology.org/wundt.html https://www.simplypsychology https://www.simplypsychology<

https://www.simplypsychology.org/science-psychology.html

Know the basics



Research the six approaches in Psychology: Behaviourist approach, social learning theory, cognitive approach, biological approach, psychodynamic approach and humanistic approach - and write a paragraph or two summarising the main points from each one. In your paragraph include the following:

- The basic assumptions
- At least one Psychologist associated with the approach
- A study that has been carried out within this approach (not humanistic)
- One strength and one limitation of this approach

Using the following websites to help: https://www.simplypsychology.org/a-level-approaches.html https://www.simplypsychology.org/a-level-approaches.html https://www.simplypsychology.org/a-level-approaches.html https://www.simplypsychology.org/a-level-approaches.html https://www.simplypsychology.org/a-level-approaches.html https://www.soutube.com/watch?v=LWcL86DVqCI

Understand the methods used



<u>Methods of research within Psychology</u>: Research the following methods of research – Lab experiments, Self-report studies, Observations, Correlational studies.

Create a table with the following headings – method, description, example, strengths, limitations. Using the websites below and your own research, complete the table for each of the methods. Try to find an example of this type of research method in Psychology.

Useful websites include: https://www.simplypsychology.org/research-methods.html https://www.tutor2u.net/psychology/collections/a-level-psychology-study-notes-research-methods

Analyse and evaluate



A topic area within Psychology – Attachment:

of the father has changed more recently perhaps?

Research the 'role of the father in attachment'. Make notes on factors that can influence the relationship between a child and their father. Analyse and evaluate which factor(s) is the most influential. Can you find an article from a newspaper that relates to this topic? This could be related to how the role

Useful websites: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yctTmnUhalk, https://www.tutor2u.net/psychology/reference/multiple-attachments-and-the-role-of-the-father

Learning Summary/ Outcome

Using your understanding of Psychology from your research of the origins, approaches and methods, discuss the following question:

"Should Psychology be regarded as a science?"



Try to consider both sides of the argument, referring to examples. A bit of a hint...think about what's different about approaches such as the humanistic and psychodynamic compared to the biological and behaviourist approaches.

Bring this one-page summary/outcome to your first lesson!

Just for fun!















Optional Super Challenge

Carry out your own psychological research:

Based on your understanding of research methods, you could carry out your own mini experiment and write up the results. A good topic to start with is memory, e.g. do males or females have better memories? Alternatively, here is a link to a useful website with other ideas: https://www.verywellmind.com/psychology-experiment-ideas-2795669



Here is a link to guide you on what you need to consider and how you could write this up: https://www.simplypsychology.org/research-report.html

A LEVEL RELIGIOUS STUDIES See the What is Ethics and what are the key approaches? overview Ethics is a branch of philosophy which studies questions about right and wrong, good and bad. The websites below will give you some ideas about what is involved. The first step is to try to identify some of the key points. Task: Using the following sources, prepare a mind-map covering the different elements of ethics: https://ethics.org.au/why-were-here/what-is-ethics/, http://www.bbc.co.uk/ethics/introduction/intro 1.shtml and https://ethicsunwrapped.utexas.edu/glossary/ethics Know the Glossary: What key terms must you know to access the course? basics A lot of complicated terms are used in Ethics. It is important to become familiar with these. Define the following: Normative, applied ethics, rights, responsibilities, relativist, absolutist, deontological, subjective, objective, principles, motives, consequences, duty Write a paragraph using your mind-map and some of the above terms to explain what ethics is. Understanding different approaches to ethics: absolutist v. relativist and consequentialist v. **Understand** the deontological (based on rules and rights) A key skill in Ethics is to be able to identify the differences issues/skills between different approaches. This helps you analyse the approach. a) Using information from the sources below, prepare a chart showing key differences 1. between absolutist and relativist 2. between deontological (based on rules and rights) and consequentialist Summarise in two paragraphs the key differences between a deontological (based on rules and rights) and a consequentialist approach https://revisionworld.com/a2-level-level-revision/religious-studies-levelrevision/ethics/absolutism-and-relativism relativehttps://www.mytutor.co.uk/answers/8628/A-Level/Religious-Studies/What-is-thedifference-between-Absolutism-and-Relativism/ https://www.mytutor.co.uk/answers/1637/A-Level/Philosophy-and-Ethics/What-is-thedifference-between-consequentialism-and-deontological-ethics/ **Analyse and** Analysing the way in which different ethical approaches lead to different actions evaluate Look at two thought experiments which can be used to show different ethical approaches. Watch the following clips showing the two thought experiments https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bOpf6KcWYyw https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x uUEaeqFog 2. Prepare a chart showing two different approaches to the thought experiments List the advantages and disadvantages of each approach Try the following philosophy experiment and explain the findings: https://www.philosophyexperiments.com/fatman/Default.aspx Learning Explain how different approaches to ethics leads to different actions On a maximum of one side of A4, write up your answer to this question based on your research. You Summary/ should include an introduction explaining what ethics is. Your second paragraph should explain two **Outcome** different approaches – for example, consequentialist and deontological. You should then include 2 paragraphs, one each for the two thought experiments showing the difference between the two approaches. Finish off with a final conclusion explaining which approach you agree with and your reasons why. Bring this one-page summary/outcome to your first lesson! Just for fun! the pig The Philosopher's Arms: Be eaten https://www.bbc.co.uk/progra mmes/b01lyb82 or 100 https://www.philosophersmag .com/games **Optional** What are the strengths and weaknesses of different ethical approaches? Choose two of the following ethical issues: a) Abortion b) Euthanasia c) War d) Stealing Super Alternatively, you could explore the approach to ethical issues in films. The following article about Challenge

• Alternatively, you could explore the approach to ethical issues in films. The following article about the Avengers film can give you some ideas: https://www.vox.com/summer-movies/2018/5/17/17343442/avengers-infinity-war-captain-america-thanos-sequel-moral-dilemma

Write up an analysis of your findings. What are the key dilemmas involved in these issues? How might a deontological (based on rules and rights) approach differ from a consequentialist approach? What are the strengths and weaknesses of the different approaches?

A LEVEL SOCIOLOGY - Perspectives in Sociology

YouTube Clip: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YnCJU6PaCio

See the overview

<u>What is Sociology?</u> Watch the video clip on YouTube: What is Sociology? Crash Course Sociology and make notes on what you understand about Sociology.



Find the definitions for the following key sociological terms and create a glossary: Socialisation, Agents of Socialisation, Social Institutions, Social Structure, Objective / Objectivity, Culture, Identity, Roles, Role Models, Role Conflict, Values, Norms, Customs, Social Control, Sanctions, Social Class, Social Mobility, Social Status, Upper Class, Middle Class, Working Class, Underclass, Ascribed Status, Achieved Status, Ethnicity, Minority Ethnic Group, Sex, Gender.

Know the basics

<u>Understanding the perspectives</u>: When we talk about the sociological perspective, we are talking about the particular way different sociologists, as opposed to non-sociologists, try to understand human social behaviour.



Use the internet to find out about the main sociological theories. For each one, write a paragraph or two summarising the main ideas and concepts and the key sociologists. The perspectives are: Functionalism; Marxism; Feminism; Action Theories; Postmodernism

Useful websites to help you: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL8dPuuaLjXtMJ-Af8 7J1538YKWkZAnGA, https://revisesociology.com/sociology-theories-a-level/,

Understand the methods used

Methods of research within Sociology: Find out the difference between Positivism and Interpretivism and find out which collects qualitative data and which collects quantitative data. (You also need to be able to define what is qualitative and what is quantitative data). Write a paragraph about each one. See if you can link back to the perspectives – some take a positivist approach to research and others take an interactionist approach. Can you find out which is which?



Analyse and evaluate



A core topic area within Sociology – Education: There have been a huge number of major reforms to the education system in the UK. Some of these policies include: Education Act 1944 (Tripartite System), Comprehensives 1966 and the Education Reform Act 1988. Research the History of Education in the UK and create a timeline of the major changes that have occurred between 1944 and current day.

Analyse and evaluate the impact that each reform/policy has had on the education system in the UK. Your personal view on – what is the role and purpose of education?

Useful websites to help: https://senecalearning.com/en-GB/revision-notes/a-level/sociology/aqa/2-4-1-equality,
https://senecalearning.com/en-GB/revision-notes/a-level/sociology/aqa/2-4-1-equality,
https://senecalearning.com/en-GB/revision-notes/a-level/sociology/aqa/2-4-1-equality,
https://setrevising.co.uk/revision-notes/social-policy-and-education

Learning Summary/ Outcome

Using your understanding of the education system in the UK, discuss the following question:

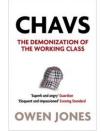




Try to consider different viewpoints such as economic, socialisation, social integration, social control, etc. Refer to examples where possible. A bit of a hint...look back at the different perspectives and their view of education e.g. what do functionalists and Marxists think is the purpose of education? Do you agree? Bring this one-page summary to your first lesson!

Just for fun!











Optional Super Challenge



University Future Learn course – What is Sociology? On the course, you'll learn about the basics of Sociology and discover sociological theories. You'll explore topics including class, social inequality, globalisation and the media. You will also learn how to do your own sociological research, and present your findings. https://www.futurelearn.com/courses/what-is-sociology. Do not pay for the certificate, but take a screen shot of the completion screen. Write up a one paragraph summary on the most important learning point you've taken from taking the course.

Improve your Careers knowledge and develop your skills



Some of you will already have ideas about what you want to do in the future after Sixth Form, while lots of you will be very unsure. Many of you will change your minds in the next couple of years. This is all perfectly normal! Completing some focused careers research to improve your knowledge now will really help you to make **informed decisions at 18**, no matter what you are currently thinking.

Use the suggested websites below to do some guided research and then complete the final activity to pull your research and thinking together.

Not sure yet what you might want to do in the future – start here:

Website to explore	Activity to complete	Questions to reflect on
https://www.ucas.com/what- Look at each of the pathway		What pathway seems most
are-my-options	options.	appealing to you?
https://www.unifrog.org/	Complete the interests, skills &	From the lists of suggested
(:f1	personality quizzes at the top.	careers, which 5 are most
(if you have an account)		appealing? Create a shortlist.

Got a particular career(s) in mind at the moment:

Website to explore	Activity to complete	Questions to reflect on
https://nationalcareers.service.gov.uk/ Type your possible careers		What possible pathways can
	into the search bar.	you take for each career? What
https://www.ucas.com/ucas/after-	Select a job family, subject or	skills and qualifications do you
gcses/find-career-ideas/explore-jobs	skill.	need? What is the average
		salary?

See yourself at university:

Website to explore	Activity to complete	Questions to reflect on
https://www.ucas.com/what-are-my- options/thinking-about-uni	Watch the clip, have a read and 'talk' to a current student.	What are the possible benefits of going to university? Any downsides?
https://www.ucas.com/connect/blogs	Read about current student	
	experiences.	

Considering particular university degree courses:

Website to explore	Activity to complete	Questions to reflect on
	Explore the subject areas and	What subjects interest you?
https://www.ucas.com/explore/subjects	sign up for the hub to keep a	Does the content of a specific
	record of your shortlist.	degree interest you? What A
https://digital.ucas.com/search	Use the search bar to look at	level/BTEC grades do you
	undergraduate degrees/ related	need to get a place? What
	degrees you might be interested	careers does that degree lead
	in. Click on different universities.	to?

Might a higher/degree apprenticeship be appealing:

Website to explore	Activity to complete	Questions to reflect on
	Read the information	What are the
https://www.apprenticeships.gov.uk/apprentices/becoming- apprentice	and complete a search	advantages of doing an
<u> </u>	at the bottom.	apprenticeship? Any
https://www.apprenticeships.gov.uk/real-stories/apprentice	Listen to stories from	downsides? What types
	current apprentices.	appeal to you? What
https://amazingapprenticeships.com/vacancies/	Search through the	levels are there? What
	companies,	grades do you require?
	apprenticeships and	What careers do they
	levels.	lead to?

Thinking about going straight into employment:

Website to explore	Activity to complete	Questions to reflect on
https://uk.indeed.com/	Search for different jobs currently on offer in your area, skills and grades needed, as well as starting salaries.	What are the advantages of going straight into a job? Any downsides? What types appeal to you? What grades do you
https://www.ucas.com/what-are-my- options/employment or https://www.ucas.com/careers/getting- job/how-write-cv	Take the quiz and have a look at CVs.	require? What careers do they lead to?

Thinking about a Gap Year:

Website to explore	Activity to complete	Questions to reflect on	
https://www.ucas.com/alternatives/gap- year/gap-years-ideas-and-things-think- about	Explore the range of opportunities on offer.	What are the benefits of taking a Gap Year? Any downsides?	
Google the following to see what Waddesdon students have done in the past: Camp America, International Citizenship		What opportunities appeal to you? What might you do after a Gap Year?	
Service, Project Trust, Ski Season, Year in Industry		a Sap Tear.	

Reflecting on your research above, answer the following questions:

- 1) Which pathway(s) do you see yourself going down currently at 18?
- 2) What are the benefits/downsides of this pathway?
- 3) Which career(s) do you most see yourself pursuing?
- 4) What post 16 qualifications and grades do you need to get there?
- 5) What else can you be doing in Sixth Form to put yourself in a strong position?

If you want to learn even more, go to: https://barclayslifeskills.com/young-people/. Register for free and explore the many brilliant careers interactive activities!

Stand Out with Super-Curricular Activities



As well as aiming for the best grades possible to achieve your career aims, you need to show you are genuinely interested in it. You also need to develop relevant skills and personal qualities and be able to demonstrate these on your application form/CV/LinkedIn Profile/Personal Statement.

You will have heard of extra-curricular activities and probably do a few yourself e.g. doing a sport or hobby. These activities show your wider interests and help to develop your skills, like team work and communication. Supercurricular activities are those that take the subjects you study further and are directly related to what you want to do in the future.

For example, if you wanted to become a **Legal Apprentice** and pursue a career in Law, super-curricular activities could be going to watch a law case at Aylesbury Court, completing work experience with a local solicitor or reading *The Guardian Law Review*. If you wanted to become a **Graphic Designer**, you could shadow an industry professional, visit relevant exhibitions or create an online portfolio. If you wanted to study **Medicine at university** to become a doctor, you could volunteer at your local care home, complete hospital work experience or read relevant articles in the *New Scientist* magazine.

Have a look at the **University of Oxford and Cambridge websites** for some more excellent ideas: https://myheplus.com/ or https://www.hertford.ox.ac.uk/study-here/outreach/digital/challenge

You can complete extra/super-curricular activities online to show your interest and develop your skills:

☐ Sign up for virtual work experience:

https://www.speakersforschools.org/
experience/vwex/

or <u>SpringPod Virtual Work Experience</u> <u>search</u>

e.g. Medicine/Health:

https://bsmsoutreach.thinkific.com/courses/VWE



IT/Cybersecurity: https://cyber-school.joincyberdiscovery.com/

- ☐ Complete a 'super-challenge' from your foundation work in a subject you are very interested in, recommended by your teacher page 6+
- ☐ Listen to relevant podcasts, documentaries or TED Talks page 6+ for subject recommendations



□ Sign up for prestigious talks led by national experts: https://www.speakersforschools.org/inspiration/vtalks/upcoming-vtalks/



- ☐ 'Visit' a relevant gallery or museum or theatre online
- ☐ Consider doing an EPQ in a subject/career you want to do later see pages 41-42 of this booklet
- ☐ Sign up for a free, online MOOC university course in a host of subjects/career areas: https://www.futurelearn.com/ or via university websites.

Take your top two career choices from your research. Write a short plan for putting yourself in the best position for each career, including the qualifications and grades you need to enter each career, as well as 4-5 super-curricular activities you could do in Sixth Form to help you stand out in your applications. Write a one paragraph review of a super-curricular activity you complete at home, including what you have learned and how it will help you on your application form.



The Ultimate in Independent Learning: Preparing to apply for the EPQ



The EPQ is a brilliant qualification to undertake in a subject you are passionate about, but is not taught to you as part of your A level programme. Universities love to see it on application forms as it demonstrates real interest as well as strong independent learning skills. Students apply for a place on our EPQ programme in the autumn of Year 12.

To learn more about the EPQ, develop your independent learning skills and begin the EPQ application process, complete an online MOOC (Massive Open Online Course) run by the University of Bath. Even if you decide not to complete an EPQ in Year 12, the skills you will learn from this MOOC will help develop your independent learning skills, essential for success in Sixth Form. Sign up here: https://www.futurelearn.com/courses/epq-success

The A-Z of the EPQ: As you complete the MOOC, record your learning and reflections based around the following questions:

PART 1:

- **1.2 Benefits of doing an EPQ** a) How do Robbie and Molly say that completing the EPQ helps to prepare you for university?
- **1.5 Examining your motivation** b) Which 3 statements from the list of reasons for doing an EPQ do you most agree with? Why?
- **1.7 Deciding your potential focus for an EPQ** c) After looking at the example on ecosystems and biodiversity, write down 3 questions you are curious about for your own possible EPQ focus/topic.
- **1.9 Create your potential working title** d) Share your ideas for a working title with a friend or post on the forum discussion on the webpage.
- **1.13 A supervisor's story getting a good mark** g) What pieces of advice does Katie give?
- 1.15 The Project Log h) What is the EPQ Project Log? Why is it very important in completing the EPQ?

PART 2:

2.1 Structuring your project i) What are the 3 parts of the project? Why does Diana compare them to a fish?

- **2.2 Paragraphing your report** j) What are the 3 rules regarding each paragraph you write? What is the suggestion made about the length of paragraphs?
- **2.4 Create a mind-map** k) Using the example mind-maps in section 2.4, create your own mind-map with some ideas of what might be included under your potential current topic/working title.
- **2.5 How to create an effective search** I) What does Emma, the librarian, tell us about the first thing to do before heading off to use a search engine?
- 2.6 Finding information for your EPQ project that you could reference in your project.
 o) Even if you don't find anything relevant in a particular article you are reading, what could you make note of?
 m) Other than online websites, name 3 other types of source n) What is the advantage of academic journals?
 n) What is the advantage of academic journals?
- 2.8 How to evaluate (judge) sources of information
 p) Emma says you should judge your sources on CRAAP
 what does this stand for?
- **2.9 Useful resources for finding information** q) Learn about the "Access to Research Scheme" and then click the link to the website to find out if your local library is a member. What can they offer?
- **2.11 Eating the elephant** r) What does it mean "to eat the elephant"?
- **2.13 Personality Quiz** s) Take the personality quiz and note down the time management strategies that best fit you.

PART 3:

- 3.1 How to prepare and give a presentation t) Note 5 things you should NOT do when giving a presentation.
- **3.2 Your EPQ presentation** u) Answer the 4 suggested reflection questions.
- **3.3 Capture your audience's interest** v) What is the most important part of the presentation? Name 2 things you can do to ensure this goes well.
- 3.5 How to own your presentation w) Which of the 5 stated fears do you most closely relate to? Write down any advice that helps you.
- 3.7-3.8 Citations and referencing x) What are citations? What do you need to be sure of when you are completing your research?
- 3.12 How to write a reflective log y) What 3 things must you do in a reflection point?
- Z) Keep these answers safely for your EPQ application in the autumn! You will also need support from each of your teachers for your application.



Based on completing the EPQ MOOC and A-Z EPQ questions, consider the 5 lessons you have learned which you think will enable you to be successful as a Sixth Form learner. Summarise the 5 lessons and how you think they will help you in your studies next year in no more than half a side of A4.